100482 to 100496—Continued.

100483. ASTER FUSCESCENS Bur. and Franch.

No. 30444. A stout rigid perennial about a foot high, with ascending stems and broadly ovate or roundish leaves about 2 inches long, the lowermost with long petioles, and flower heads half an inch across in rather cleans over ymbs. Native to Szechwan, China.

100484. ASTER SD.

No. 30443.

100485. ASTER SD.

No. 30524.

100486. DORONICUM YUNNANENSE Hort. Aster-

No. 30434. A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

100487. ERIGERON MULTIRADIATUS (Lindl.) C. B. Clarke. Asteraceae. Himalayan fleabane.

No. 30517. A beautiful alpine composite native to wet grassy places the whole length of the Himalayan range from 7,000 to 12,000 feet altitude. It is a pubescent or hirsute herb up to 10 inches high, with simple scapelike leafy stems and numerous radical leaves. The oblance olate leaves, narrowed into a rather long petiole, are 4 to 8 inches long.

For previous introduction see 100190.

100488. HEDYSARUM sp. Fabaceae.

No. 30525.

100489. MEGACARPAEA DELAVAYI Franch. Brassicaceae.

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No. 30514. An alpine perennial with a thick rhitome and an erect stem 1.to 2 feet high. The primatiset leaves are up to 6 inches long, and the small violet or purplish flowers are in dense corymbs. Native to southwestern China.

For previous introduction see 100205.

100490. NARDOSTACHYS JATAMANSI (W. M. Jones) DC: (N. grandiflora DC.). Valerianaceae.

No. 30435. A low perennial herb I to 2 feet high, native to the alpine Himalayas in Sikkim, India. The lanceolate-spatulate radical leaves are 6 to 8 inches long, and the tubular-campanulate rosy flowers, one fourth inch long, are in small heads which are gathered into cymes.

100491. PEGAEOPHYTON SINENSE (Hemsl.) Hayek and Hand.-Mazz. Brassicaceae.

No. 30428. A stemless plant, possibly a biennial, 2 to 3 inches high, with a rather dense rosette of very narrow leaves and small flowers, half an inch across, borne singly on short peduncles. Native to western China.

100492. SALVIA EVANSIANA Hort. Menthaceae.

No. 30433. A name for which a place of publication and a description have not been found.

100493. Saxifraga sp. Saxifragaceae. Saxifrage.

No. 30441. A species which somewhat resembles S. rufescens.

100494 to 100496. SENECIO Spp. Asteraceae.

10:494. SENECIO STENOGLOSSUS Franch.

No. 30431. A perennial herb with very slender hairy stems, 1 to 2 feet high, and reniform or cordate leaves about 5 inches long. The brownish flower heads are in corymbose racemes. Native to Yunnan.

100495. SENECIO sp.

Nd. 30430.

100496. SENECIO Sp.

No. 30455.

100497 to 100499.

From Australia. Seeds presented by R. Allsop manager, Queensland Acclimatisation Society. Received June 30, 1932. Numbered in July 1932.

100497. CARICA PAPAYA L. Papayaceae.

Papaya.

Long Tom (2 A.S. strain).

100498. CARICA PAPAYA L. Papayaceae.
Papaya.

New Era (2 D.S. strain)

100499. PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS L. Passi floraceae. Giant granadilla

Long type (2 D.S. strain).

100500 to 100618.

From China. Seeds collected by the sixth Forrest expedition, 1930-32, to southwestern China and presented by Maj. Lionel de Rothschild, London, England. Received July 2, 1932.

100500. ABIES CHENSIENSIS Van Tiegh. Pingeeae.

No. 30663. A tree up to 120 feet high, native to central China. The horizontally spreading, two-ranked leaves, about 1 inch long, are shining darkgreen above, with two gray-green bands beneath. The cinnamon-brown, ovoid-oblong cones are 3 to 5 inches long.

100501. ABIES DELAVAYI Franch. Pinaceae. Fir.

No. 30975. A tall tree, often 100 feet high, native to western China. The slightly grooved branehlets are lustrous red brown, and the emerginate linear leaves, about 1 inch long, are revolute on the margin, dark green above and with two white bands beneath. The violet-black, cylindric to bands beneath. The violet-black, cylindric to ovoid cones are 2 to 4 inches long, and the scales are nearly 1 inch wide.

For previous introduction see 98365.

100502 to 100508. ACER spp. Aceraceae. Maple.

100502. ACER CAMPBELLII Hook, f. and Thoms.

No. 29743. Variety yunnanense of one of the principal maples of the northeastern Himalayas, where it grows at altitudes over 7,000 feet. The beautiful green leaves with their red stalks make this tree decidedly ornamental. The light-tray, moderately hard wood is used for planking and for cabinetwork. for cabinetwork.

100503. ACER DAVIDI Franch.

No. 29881. A native Chinese maple, 50 to 60 feet high, with large, oval, heart-shaped, coarsely toothed leaves and long pendent clusters of samaras.

For previous introduction see 97498.

100504. ACER LAXIFLORUM Pax. (A. forrestii Diels).

No. 30726. A tree up to 50 feet high, with cordate-oblong leaves 4 inches long; having 2 to 4 short lobes near the base and serrate margins. The yellowish flowers are borne in slender pendulous racemes and are followed by fruits with the wings spreading at right angles. It is native to western China.

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For previous introduction see 99826.

100505, ACER SD.

G. F. 98.

100506. ACER sp.

G. F. 462.

100507, ACER Sp.

No. 29592. Closely related to A. laevigatum. 100508. ACER Sp. and become

No. 30721. Closely related to A. paxii.